Week	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	7	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	
	1st September	7 <sup>th</sup> September	14 <sup>th</sup> September	21st September	28 <sup>th</sup> September	5 <sup>th</sup> October	12 <sup>th</sup> October	19 <sup>th</sup> October	<u>26<sup>th</sup> October</u>	
<u>Theme</u>	Settling in/interests	Settling in/interests	My body and senses	My body and senses	<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Harvest/Farmers</u>	<u>Harvest/Farmers</u>	My family	Halloween	
Special events				Fairtrade fortnight Autumn 22 <sup>nd</sup> September	Fairtrade fortnight	Black history month Library week (library visit?) 10th October Mental health awareness	Recycle week	October 20 <sup>th</sup> Diwali	Halloween October 31st	
Nursery rhymes of the term	Head, shoulders, knees and toes , finger family, If your happy and you know it, big red combine harvester, old Macdonald,									
Focus book ideas	Books themed around topic, revisit favourite books to find out what books children enjoy.									

#### Focus Learning Intentions linked to Areas of Learning for each age

#### 1-2 year olds

Communication and Language	Physical Development	<u>PSED</u>	<u>Mathematics</u>	<u>Literacy</u>	<u>Understanding the World</u>	Expressive Arts and Design
<ul> <li>Copy your gestures and words. Understand single words in context - 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.</li> <li>Begin to Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".</li> <li>Recognize and point to objects if asked about them.</li> <li>Begin to listen to short stories with adult support</li> <li>Understand frequently used words such as 'all gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'.</li> <li>Use signs and gestures to communicate</li> <li>Make themselves understood, and can become frustrated when they cannot</li> <li>Constantly babble and use single words during play.</li> <li>Use intonation, pitch and changing volume when 'talking'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to walk independently - choosing appropriate props to support at first.</li> <li>Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.</li> <li>Begin to sit on push along wheel toys</li> <li>Clap and stamp to music.</li> <li>Fit themselves into spaces, like tunnels, dens and large boxes, and move around in them.</li> <li>Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls.</li> <li>Build independently with a range of appropriate resources.</li> <li>Show an increasing desire to be independent, such as wanting to feed themselves and dress or undress</li> </ul>	Feel confident when taken out around the local neighbourhood and enjoy exploring new places with their key person. Grow in independence, rejecting help ("me do it"). Sometimes this leads to feelings of frustration and tantrums Thrive as they develop self-assurance. Gesture towards their cup to say they want a drink.  Begin to learn simple signs to help meet their needs  Feel strong enough to express a range of emotions.  Begin to sit on the potty during nappy changes  Play with increasing confidence on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available Begin to Develop friendships with other children. Feel confident when taken out around the local neighborhood, and enjoy exploring new places with their key person.	<ul> <li>Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.</li> <li>Combine objects like stacking blocks and cups React to changes of amount in a group of up to three items.</li> <li>Count in everyday contexts, sometimes skipping numbers - '1-2-3-5.'</li> <li>Complete inset puzzles.</li> <li>Put objects inside others and take them out again</li> <li>Build with a range of resources.</li> <li>Climb and squeeze themselves into different types of spaces.</li> </ul>	Enjoy sharing books with an adult.      Begins to copy movements and gestures      Begins to join in with singing songs and rhymes saying some of the words      Begins to mark make freely	Has a sense of own immediate family and relations and pets.  Is interested in photographs of themselves and other familiar people and objects.  Explore natural materials, indoors and outside  Explore materials with different properties.  Has a sense of own immediate family and relations and pets.  Repeat actions that have an effect.  Closely observes what animals, people and vehicles do.  Watches toy being hidden and tries to find it, watches intently where a spider has scuttled away under leaves	<ul> <li>Notices and becomes interested in the transformative effect of their action on materials and resources.</li> <li>Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds</li> <li>Begin to Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments</li> <li>Show attention to sounds and music.</li> <li>Move and dance to music</li> <li>Explore painting, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as brushes and other tools.</li> <li>Mark makes freely</li> <li>Enjoy and take part in action songs</li> <li>Start to develop pretend play</li> </ul>

#### <u>2-2.5 year olds</u>

Communication and Language	Physical Development	PSED	Mathematics	Literacy	Understanding the World	Expressive Arts and Design
communication and Language	ritysical Development	FSLD	<u>wathematics</u>	Literacy	onderstanding the World	Expressive Arts and Design
<ul> <li>Copy your gestures and words.         Understand single words in         context - 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.</li> <li>Begin to Understand simple         instructions like "give to         nanny" or "stop".</li> <li>Recognize and point to         objects if asked about them.</li> <li>Begin to listen to short stories         with adult support</li> <li>Understand frequently used         words such as 'all gone', 'no'         and 'bye-bye'.</li> <li>Use signs and gestures to         communicate</li> <li>Make themselves understood,         and can become frustrated         when they cannot</li> <li>Constantly babble and use         single words during play.</li> <li>Use intonation, pitch and         changing volume when 'talking'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Walk, run, jump and climb - and start to use the stairs independently.</li> <li>Spin, roll and independently use ropes and swings (for example, tyre swings).</li> <li>Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle. Use gross motor skills to do things independently.</li> <li>Use small motor skills to do things independently, for example manage buttons and zips, and pour drinks.</li> <li>Start eating independently and learning how to use a knife and fork.</li> </ul>	Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waiting for a turn and resisting the strong impulse to grab what they want or push their way to the front.  Begin to talk about their emotions  Be increasingly able to talk about and manage their emotions  Safely explore emotions beyond their normal range through play and stories.  Begin to Notice and ask questions about differences, such as skin colour, types of hair, gender, special needs and disabilities, and so on.`  Learn to use the Toilet or potty with help, and then independently.  Talk about their feelings in more elaborated ways: "I'm sad because" or "I love it when".  Explores confidently when they feel secure in the presence of a familiar adult and is more likely to engage in new or challenging situations	React to changes of amount in a group of up to three items.  Count in everyday contexts, sometimes skipping numbers - '1-2-3-5.'  Complete inset puzzles.  Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/ little/smaller', 'high/low', 'tall', 'heavy'.  Notice patterns and arrange things in patterns	Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone.  Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.  Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing.  Enjoys mark making freely.  Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories. Ask questions about the book. Makes comments and shares their own ideas.  Develop play around favourite stories using props.	<ul> <li>In pretend play, imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background, e.g. making and drinking tea, going to the barbers, being a cat, dog or bird.</li> <li>Enjoys stories about people and nature (birds, bees, snails, cats, dogs, etc) and is interested in photographs of themselves with these.</li> <li>Make connections between the features of their family and other families</li> <li>Notice differences between people</li> <li>Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their setting and on trips</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make simple models which express their ideas.</li> <li>Use their imagination as they consider what they can do with different materials.</li> <li>Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs,</li> <li>Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments and play them in different ways</li> <li>Respond emotionally and physically to music when it changes.</li> <li>Make rhythmical and repetitive sounds</li> <li>Express ideas and feelings through making marks and sometimes give meaning to the marks they make.</li> </ul>

Week	Theme	Book	Learning Opportunities	1-2 year olds will be learning to:	2-2.5 year old will be learning to (intent)	Key worker activities to support next
Week	Theme	BOOK	(Implementation)	(intent)	2-2.5 year old will be learning to (intent)	'
Wask 1 and 2		Touch and feel		PSED PSED	PSED	steps
Week 1 and 2	<b>6</b> 111:	books	Welcome new children     into nursery and	Find ways to calm	New starters will find ways to calm themselves,	
Bryony and Hayley back 2 <sup>nd</sup> September	<u>Settling</u>	Doors	returning children	themselves, through	through being calmed and comforted by their key	
	in/ My	Flap books	Ask parents for	being calmed and	person.	
w/c 1 <sup>st</sup> September and			current interests of	comforted by their	New starters will find ways of managing	
	<u>interests</u>		new and current	key person.	transitions, for example from their parent to their	
			children - use this to	Find ways of managing	key person	
			support planning	transitions, for	<ul> <li>Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy',</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Talk about our golden rules and begin to</li> </ul>	example from their	'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.	
			explore routines	parent to their key	<ul> <li>Thrive as they develop self-assurance.</li> </ul>	
			Set up families board	person	Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example,	
			<ul> <li>Ask parents to share</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Play with increasing confidence on their</li> </ul>	waiting for a turn and resisting the strong impulse	
			interests so we can put	own and with other	to grab what they want or push their way to the	
			this into provision	children, because	front.  • Explores confidently when they feel secure in	
			<ul> <li>Support with self registration during</li> </ul>	they know their key	the presence of a familiar adult and is more	
			group time -	person is nearby and	likely to engage in new or challenging	
			recognising photos and	available.	• situations	
			looking at whole group	CI	C+L	
			or split group times to	C+L • Copy your gestures and	Understand simple instructions like "give to """	
			extend and support.	words, Understand	nanny" or "stop".	
			<ul> <li>Plan time for key worker time to get to</li> </ul>	single words in context	<ul> <li>Generally focus on an activity of their own choice and find it difficult to be directed by an</li> </ul>	
			know key families and	- 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.	adult.	
			support bond with new	Begin to Understand		
			children	simple instructions like	PD	
			Focus on prime areas	"give to nanny" or "stop".	Walk, run, jump and climb - and start to use the stairs	
				<ul> <li>Understand frequently</li> </ul>	independently.	
				used words such as 'all		
				gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'.		
				<ul> <li>Use signs and gestures</li> </ul>		
				to communicate		
				Constantly babble and		
				use single words during play.		
				piuy.		
				PD		
				Begin to walk		
				independently -		
				choosing appropriate		
				props to support at first.		
				,,,,,,		
				Gradually gain control		
				of their whole body		
				through continual		
				practice of large movements, such as		
				movements, such as waving, kicking,		
				rolling, crawling and		
				walking.		

<u>Week</u>	Theme	Book	Learning Opportunities (Implementation)	1-2 year olds will be learning to: (intent)	2-2.5 year old will be learning to (intent)	Key worker activities to support next steps
Week 3 and 4		Touch and feel	Continue to embed new routines and develop key person	PSED	PSED	Heat steps
<u>501. 5 unu 1</u>	My	books	relationships  Invite parents to send in photos of their child as a baby and now for the children to look at and discuss	<ul> <li>Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.</li> <li>Find ways of managing transitions, for example from</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>New starters will find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and</li> </ul>	
Week 4 – start of Fairtrade	body	Flap books	Create treasure baskets with interesting items for the	their parent to their key person  Play with increasing confidence on their own and	comforted by their key person.  New starters will find ways of managing	
fortnight	and	All about me books	children to explore	with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available.	transitions, for example from their parent to their key person  Talk about their feelings using words like	
	<u>my</u> senses		Add different scents to playdough  Describe hearts in the playdough and water transfer the	C+L  • Copy your gestures and words. Understand single words	'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.  • Thrive as they develop self-assurance.	
	3011303		<ul> <li>Provide herbs in the playdough and water tray for the children to explore</li> </ul>	in context - 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.  Begin to Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".	Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waiting for a turn and resisting	
			Explore the sounds of instruments, vehicles and animals	Understand frequently used words such as 'all gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'.	the strong impulse to grab what they want or push their way to the front. • Explores confidently when they feel	
			<ul> <li>Add wind chimes to your outdoor space. Encourage children to lie on fluffy blankets and listen to the calming sounds of the wind chimes. Gently waft scarves scented with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use signs and gestures to communicate</li> <li>Constantly babble and use single words during play.</li> </ul>	secure in the presence of a familiar adult and is more likely to engage in	
			lavender over the children to help them to settle and calm.	PD  Begin to walk independently - choosing appropriate	new or challenging  situations	
			<ul> <li>Provide interesting materials with contrasting textures for children to practise rolling, crawling and walking on</li> </ul>	props to support at first.  • Gradually gain control of their whole body through	• Understand simple instructions like	
			Put lights in the sensory area and sensory bottles	continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.	"give to nanny" or "stop".  Generally focus on an activity of their own choice and find it difficult to be	
			Add a basket of different balls, such as smooth plastic balls, balls that light up and soft, squishy balls. Children	Lit Begins to copy movements and gestures	directed by an adult.  • Develop pretend play: 'putting the	
			can practise moving the balls from one hand to another, passing or throwing the ball.	Begins to join in with singing songs and rhymes saying some of the words	baby to sleep' or 'driving the car to the shops'	
			<ul> <li>Provide children with the time to explore making marks, while feeling a variety of textures. Add taste-safe items,</li> </ul>	Maths	PD  • Walk, run, jump and climb - and start to use the	
			<ul> <li>such as oats</li> <li>Encourage children to put objects inside others and take</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.</li> </ul>	stairs independently.	
			them out again by providing empty tissue boxes and an interesting selection of items. You could use pine cones and colourful ribbons. Ensure some items are too big to fit into	Is interested in photographs of themselves and other familiar people	Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.	
			the tissue box.  • Make a variety of shakers for children to explore and	<ul> <li>Explore materials with different properties.</li> <li>Repeat actions that have an effect.</li> </ul>	Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing	
			create different sounds with. Add items to plastic tubs or fillable eggs, such as bells, sand, rice and metal nuts.	<ul> <li>Closely observes what animals, people and vehicles do.</li> <li>Explore natural materials, indoors and outside</li> </ul>	whilst playing	
			Create a large-scale textured painting together. Make different-coloured Taste-Safe Yoghurt Paint. Then, create	EAD  Notices and becomes interested in the	Maths  • Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/ little/smaller', 'high/low',	
			different textures by adding additional ingredients to the paints, such as a sprinkling of cornflour or blended cereal.	transformative effect of their action on materials and resources.	'tall', 'heavy' UTW	
			<ul> <li>Using child-safe mirrors, position them in front of the child so that they can see both yours and their reflection.</li> <li>Look at similarities and differences and body parts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds</li> <li>Begin to Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments</li> </ul>	In pretend play, imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background  EAD	
			Set up familiar everyday routines for children to help and		Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs,	
			cooperate with. For example, fill a large activity tray with baby baths and bath accessories and encourage children to help bathe the babies.		Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments and play them in different ways	
			<ul> <li>Enjoy rhymes which involve different parts of the body, for example, with 'Round and Round the Garden' and head shoulders knees and toes 'If You're Happy and You Know It'</li> <li>Model counting fingers and toes. You may like to create</li> </ul>			
			hand or footprints together or enjoy rhymes, such as This Little Piggy, while drawing attention to counting.			

Week The	neme	Book	Learning Opportunities (Implementation)	1-2 year olds will be learning to:	2-2.5 year old will be learning to (intent)	Key worker activities to support
				(intent)		next steps
Week 5  Fairtrade fortnight  First day of autumn 22nd September	utumn	Autumn themed books  Books about other seasons	Continue to embed new routines and develop key person relationships Go on a walk to look for signs of Autumn Use autumn covered fabric or fabric autumn leaves and sing autumn leaves are falling down while the children are laying down and let go of the leaves so the children can watch them floating down Place a shallow tray of coloured water on the floor and add five apples, , leaves or pine cones to bob around, Provide children with fishing nets and they can take turns in scooping and catching items in the nets. In a large activity tray, place apples and large tubing or guttering. Children can explore rolling the apples across the tray. You could provide stacking cups for children to roll the apples and see if they can knock down the towers. You could add paint Provide a large piece of paper for children to explore autumn coloured paint with a variety of different mark making tools. Provide children with tubes, leaves and large autumnal-coloured pom-poms. Invite them to pick up and grasp the items and drop them down the tubes to watch them fall. Cut out a large tree outline and glue. Provide collage materials in autumn colours to represent leaves for children to pick up and stick onto the tree. Explore a contrasting season by setting up two different trays with different season themed resources	PSED  • Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  • Find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person.  • Play with increasing confidence on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available.  Copy your gestures and words. Understand single words in context - 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.  • Begin to Understand simple instructions like 'give to nanny' or 'stop'.  • Understand frequently used words such as 'all gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'.  • Use signs and gestures to communicate  • Constantly babble and use single words during play.  PD  • Begin to walk independently - choosing appropriate props to support at first.  • Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.  Lit  • Begins to copy movements and gestures  • Begins to join in with singing songs and rhymes saying some of the words  • Begins to mark make freely  • Enjoys sharing books with an adult  Maths  • Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.  UTW  • Is interested in photographs of themselves and other familiar people  • Explore materials with different properties.  • Repeat actions that have an effect.  • Closely observes what animals, people and vehicles do.  EAD  • Notices and becomes interested in the transformative effect of their action on materials and resources.  • Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds  • Begin to Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments	PSED  New starters will find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  New starters will find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person.  Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy,' sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.  Thrive as they develop self-assurance.  Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waiting for a turn and resisting the strong impulse to grab what they want or push their way to the front.  Explores confidently when they feel secure in the presence of a familiar adult and is more likely to engage in new or challenging  istuations  C+L  Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".  Generally focus on an activity of their own choice and find it difficult to be directed by an adult.  Develop pretend play: 'putting the baby to sleep' or 'driving the car to the shops'  PD  Walk, run, jump and climb - and start to use the stairs independently.  Lit  Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.  Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing  whilst playing.  Maths  Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/ little/smaller', 'high/low', 'tall', 'heavy'  UTW  In pretend play, imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background  EAD  Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs,  Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments and play them in different ways	next steps

<u>Week</u>	Theme	Book	Learning Opportunities (Implementation)	1-2 year olds will be learning to:	2-2.5 year old will be learning to (intent)	Key worker activities to
Black history month Library week (library visit?)  October Mental health areness	riui vesi	Harvest and farm themed books	Explain to the children that some farmers grow fruits and vegetables on their farms. Provide time for the children to hold and talk about different vegetables, such as a whole beetroot and cauliflower. Bury up to two whole vegetables, such as carrots and up to two large potatoes into a layer of soil in a tray. Help children to develop early subitising skills by asking if they can help to dig up the vegetables (using children's gardening tools) and say how many of each vegetable they can see  Provide small world animals and vehicles linked to farming and model simple role play and encourage new vocabulary.  Share stories about farms and harvest Sing old macdonald and big red combine harvester with signs and actions.  Play games with small world farm animals and encourage children to make animal noises.  Outside - Children can pretend to become farmers and practise their farming skills. They could transport vegetables using a toy wheelbarrow, water their 'crops' and dig in the soil. Older children could also ride on toy tractors  Cut open different fruit and vegetables for children to explore with spoons  Provide mud for mud painting using brushes  Use fruit and vegetables to do printing with paint Provide small world vehicles linked to farming and provide different sensory experiences such as sand, bark chippings soil, cereals – provide vocabulary and encourage children to make the vehicle noises.	Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  Find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person  Play with increasing confidence on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available.  C+L  Copy your gestures and words. Understand single words in context - 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.  Begin to Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".  Understand frequently used words such as 'all gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'.  Use signs and gestures to communicate  Constantly babble and use single words during play.  PD  Begin to walk independently - choosing appropriate props to support at first.  Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.  Begin to sit on push along wheel toys  Lit  Begins to copy movements and gestures  Begins to join in with singing songs and rhymes saying some of the words  Enjoy sharing books with an adult.  Maths  Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.  UTW  Is interested in photographs of themselves and other familiar people  Explore materials with different properties.  Repeat actions that have an effect.  Closely observes what animals, people and vehicles do.  EAD  Notices and becomes interested in the transformative effect of their action on materials and resources.  Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds  Begin to Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments	PSED  New starters will find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  New starters will find ways of managing transitio for example from their parent to their key perso.  Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.  Thrive as they develop self-assurance.  Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waiting for a turn and resisting the strong impuls to grab what they want or push their way to the front.  Explores confidently when they feel secure in the presence of a familiar adult and is more likely to engage in new or challenging  situations  C+L  Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".  Generally focus on an activity of their own choic and find it difficult to be directed by an adult.  Develop pretend play: 'putting the baby to sleep' or 'driving the car to the shops'  PD  Walk, run, jump and climb - and start to use the stairs independently.  Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle.  Lit  Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.  Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing.  Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone  Maths  Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/ little/smaller', 'high/low', 'tall', 'heavy'  UTW  In pretend play, imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background EAD  Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs,  Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments and play them in different ways  Start to develop pretend play	

	Book	Learning Opportunities (Implementation)	1-2 year olds will be learning to:	2-2.5 year old will be learning to (intent)	Key worker activities to
ali 20th October  My family	Family themed books	Ask parents to share photos of children's families and extended families. Use these in provision and during group time - for example hide them in shredded paper, use them to inspire mark making etc  Use the dolls house and people and other small world buildings for children to role play their experiences with the home corner and babies.  Provide children with real photo frames and large natural loose parts. Can children create a picture of their special people in the frames? You could provide pebbles  Share books that include different family members with the children, such as  'Goldilocks and the Three Bears' or 'Jack and the Beanstalk'. Develop play around these stories, using related props.  Bake some special Star Biscuits that the children can choose to give to one of their special people for being such a starl Model using language that compares amounts, such as 'lots', 'more' or 'same'.  Create a real family tree in your outdoor area. Ask children to bring in photos of their family and special people. Attach the photos to a tree or hang them from tree branches. Children can talk about the special people in their lives.  Ask the children to help you to turn a cardboard box into a 'house', adding windows and a door. Talk to the children about their homes and who lives there as you create and play together.  Provide pre-cut paper shapes of body outlines differing in size, such as adults, children and babies. Children can choose which special person to paint and what colours to use. Use the pictures to create a 'My Special People' display.  Draw or print a large Heart Template onto card. The children can decorate the heart using a variety of materials, such as pastels or tissue paper. Then, they can give it to someone who's special to them.  Share diverse books about different types of families	(intent)  PSED  Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  Find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person  Play with increasing confidence on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available.  C+L  Copy your gestures and words. Understand single words in context - 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.  Begin to Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".  Understand frequently used words such as 'all gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'.  Use signs and gestures to communicate  Constantly babble and use single words during play.  PD  Begin to walk independently - choosing appropriate props to support at first.  Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.  Begin to sit on push along wheel toys  Lit  Begins to copy movements and gestures  Begins to join in with singing songs and rhymes saying some of the words  Enjoy sharing books with an adult.  Maths  Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.  UTW  Is interested in photographs of themselves and other familiar people  Explore materials with different properties.  Repeat actions that have an effect.  Closely observes what animals, people and vehicles do.  Has a sense of own immediate family and relations and pets.  EAD  Notices and becomes interested in the transformative effect of their action on materials and resources.  Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds  Begin to Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments	PSED  New starters will find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  New starters will find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person.  Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.  Thrive as they develop self-assurance.  Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waiting for a turn and resisting the strong impulse to grab what they want or push their way to the front.  Explores confidently when they feel secure in the presence of a familiar adult and is more likely to engage in new or challenging situations  C+L  Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop". Generally focus on an activity of their own choice and find it difficult to be directed by an adult. Develop pretend play: 'putting the baby to sleep' or 'driving the car to the shops'  PD  Walk, run, jump and climb - and start to use the stairs independently. Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle.  Lit Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.  Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing.  Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone  Maths Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/ little/smaller', 'high/low', 'tall', 'heavy'  UTW In pretend play, imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background Enjoys stories about people and nature (birds, bees, snails, cats, dogs, etc) and is interested in photographs of themselves with these. Make connections between the features of their family and other families Notice differences between people  EAD Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs, Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments and play them in different ways Start to develop pretend play	support next steps

Week Them	me Book	Learning Opportunities (Implementation)	1-2 year olds will be learning to:	2-2.5 year old will be learning to (intent)	Key worker activities to
			(intent)		support next steps
Week 9 31st October - Halloween	loween themed box	Share Halloween themed books  Discuss Halloween experiences  Explain to the children that at Halloween some people get dressed up as different characters, such as a wizard or a black cat. Place a selection of fancy-dress clothes and Halloween-themed accessories into a suitcase for children to explore, such as a witch's hat and a cape (or piece of black material). Provide encouragement and support (when needed) to the children as they practise taking the clothes and accessories on and off. Slightly older children could attempt dressing up in items with different fastenings, such as Velcro  Create Halloween themed biscuits with the children using mathematical and descriptive language  Place a selection of mini pumpkins and gourds (differing sizes and shapes) into a wheelbarrow or large basket. Provide children with time to explore and hold the interesting items. Use simple, T wonder which pumpkin is the heaviest. Older children may enjoy using a balance scale to explore and compare the size or weight of the pumpkins. For example, T wonder which pumpkin is the heaviest. Older children may enjoy using a balance scale to explore and compare the weight of the different items.  Create a small world pumpkin house by carving windows and doors into a large pumpkin. Inspire children to begin to engage in imaginative play by placing the pumpkin house onto a large tray alongside Halloween-themed small world characters  Play some child-friendly Halloween music and explore moving in different ways linked to Halloween. Children could pretend to fly like a bat, hop like a frog, creep like a spider and whoosh like a witch on a broomstick.  Set up potion themed water play for children to explore different capacities  Make some black Spooky Sparkly Modelling Dough. Hide plastic creatures, such as worms and spiders in the dough for the children to different Halloween-themed cutters into the dough.  Provide children with time to explore pumpkins. With supervision, children with time to explore pumpkins and collect pumpkins seeds. C	PSED  Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  Find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person  Play with increasing confidence on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available.  C+L  Copy your gestures and words. Understand single words in context - 'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'.  Begin to Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".  Understand frequently used words such as 'all gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'.  Use signs and gestures to communicate  Constantly babble and use single words during play.  PD  Begin to walk independently - choosing appropriate props to support at first.  Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.  Begin to sit on push along wheel toys  Lit  Begins to copy movements and gestures  Begins to join in with singing songs and rhymes saying some of the words  Enjoy sharing books with an adult.  Maths  Take part in finger rhymes with numbers.  UTW  Is interested in photographs of themselves and other familiar people  Explore materials with different properties.  Repeat actions that have an effect.  Closely observes what animals, people and vehicles do.  Has a sense of own immediate family and relations and pets.  EAD  Notices and becomes interested in the transformative effect of their action on materials and resources.  Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds  Begin to Explore a range of sound-makers and instruments  Show attention to sounds and music.	PSED  New starters will find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person.  New starters will find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person.  Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.  Thrive as they develop self-assurance.  Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waiting for a turn and resisting the strong impulse to grab what they want or push their way to the front.  Explores confidently when they feel secure in the presence of a familiar adult and is more likely to engage in new or challenging  situations  C+L  Understand simple instructions like "give to nanny" or "stop".  Generally focus on an activity of their own choice and find it difficult to be directed by an adult.  Develop pretend play: 'putting the baby to sleep' or 'driving the car to the shops'  PD  Walk, run, jump and climb - and start to use the stairs independently.  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